# Morbidity and Mortality



## U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Prepared by the

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

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PROVISIONAL INFORMATION ON SELECTED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES IN THE UNITED STATES AND ON DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED MAY 2, 1964

#### INFLUENZA

#### Minnesota

Outbreaks of influenza-like illness commencing in early to mid-April were reported from a number of counties in central and southern Minnesota.

An outbreak at the Faribault State School and Hospital, 40 miles south of Minneapolis, commenced about April 1 with a subsequent sporadic spread of cases throughout the institution. Some cases were reported from the immediate community. Influenza  $A_2$  was isolated from a 17-year-old patient who demonstrated also a significant rise in complement-fixing antibodies.

An increased incidence of influenza-like disease in early and mid-April with occasional increases in school absenteeism was noted in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area. Outbreaks were also recorded in other central and southern Minnesota counties including Morrison, Mower, Ottertail, Rice, and Stearns Counties.

(Reported by D. S. Fleming, M.D., Director, Division of Disease Prevention and Control, Minnesota Department of Health).

#### Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES

(Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

	18th We	ek Ended		Cumulative, First 18 Weeks			
Disease 	May 2, 1964	May 4, 1963	Median 1959 - 1963	1964	1963	Median 1959 - 1963	
Aseptic meningitis	30	22		489	392		
Brucellosis	3	7	12	133	118	190	
Diphtheria	6	3	11	74	107	253	
Encephalitis, primary infectious	41	7-37		581	7- 498		
Encephalitis, post-infectious	33			281			
Hepatitis, infectious including							
serum hepatitis	747	804	813	16,131	17,962	17,962	
Measles	25,222	17,338	19,088	253,284	229,338	243,243	
Meningococcal infections	44	75	54	1,092	1,081	1,007	
Poliomyelitis, Total	1	1	9	24	48	136	
Paralytic	1	1	8	18	43	88	
Nonparalytic	-	-		5	2		
Unspecified	-	-		1	3		
Streptococcal Sore Throat and							
Scarlet fever	9,501	7,568		193,201	169,872		
Tetanus	2	11		65	68		
Tularemia	2	6		83	70		
Typhoid fever	7	8	11	118	124	175	
Rabies in Animals	131	98	77	1,619	1,380	1,443	

#### Table 2. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax:	2	Psittacosis:	13
Botulism:	6	Rabies in Man:	-
Leptospirosis:	7	Smallpox:	- 1
Malaria:	30	Typhus-	
Plague:	-	Murine:	4
		Rky Mt. Spotted:	7

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

#### BOTULISM - New York City

Two cases of botulism related to the ingestion of Canadian commercially canned liver paste were reported in New York City in November (See MMWR, Vol. 12, Page 386). Indirect evidence suggests that these were due to Type A botulism.

The 2 cases involved a married couple who had purchased 2 cans (7 ounce size) of Paragon label liver paste in early October.

Conflicting histories were obtained by several observers as to the dates the couple ate the liver paste. There seems little doubt that it was eaten on at least 2 occasions between the earliest possible date of purchase, October 5, until the last recalled date of ingestion, October 20.

The contents of the first can were consumed by both the husband and his wife about October 5 or 6; the can was discarded on Jones Beach. No unusual odor or taste was noted.

Between one and 2 weeks later, the second can of liver paste was opened; both husband and wife consumed portions of it. The following day, the husband took the remaining portion of the liver paste to work with him for his lunch. After a few mouthfuls, however, he threw it into the garbage can because, according to one account, the product had a bad taste. Only the husband ate any liver paste that day.

A few days later, he experienced the onset of symptoms which included diplopia, dysphagia, dysarthria, generalized weakness, a dry mouth and sore throat. He did not experience gastrointestinal symptoms. He was seen on 3 different occasions by several physicians, none of whom considered the diagnosis of botulism. Because of a red throat and an "upper respiratory infection," he was given antibiotics. Two days after the onset of her husband's symptoms, his wife experienced a transient diplopia, weakness of her hands, and similar, but milder, symptoms. She continued to work.

The symptoms in the couple persisted. On November 11, the husband went to a pharmacy in New York City to obtain medication for his fatigue and weakness. The pharmacist, upon hearing the patient's complaints, suspected botulism and questioned him about eating liver paste. The pharmacist urged the husband and his wife to seek medical attention immediately. The patient called the New York City Health Department; its field epidemiologist confirmed the diagnosis clinically, and arranged for immediate hospitalization through the patient's private physician.

On admission, the husband's vital capacity was measured as 75 percent of normal. He was noted to have mild dysarthria, peripheral muscle weakness, but no sensory disturbances. He had slight diplopia on admission, which rapidly cleared. Cerebral spinal fluid examination was negative. The patient reacted markedly to a test dose of the equine bivalent botulinus antitoxin; he, therefore, was not treated with the antisera.

The wife was not hospitalized, but observed as an out-patient. She did not receive antitoxin.

Both have recovered.

On November 17, the husband was well enough to lead a team of physicians and epidemiologists to the discarded can on Jones Beach. The can was cultured by the New York City Health Department Laboratories; Clostridium botulinum was not recovered.

The can, however, was identified as part of a lot of liver paste processed in Canada and shipped to the United States. Because of previous associated cases of botulism in Montreal (See MMWR, Vol. 12, Page 357), this product had been withdrawn from sale subsequent to the time of purchase by the two New York victims.

Type A botulinus toxin was identified by the New York City Health Department Laboratories in another can of the same lot number.

(Reported by Dr. Harold T. Fuerst, Director, Bureau of Preventable Disease, Department of Health, New York City, Dr. Tibor Fodor, Bureau of Preventable Diseases, New York City Health Department, and Dr. Daniel Widelock, Associate Director, New York City Health Department Laboratories; Dr. Edward W. Hook, New York Hospital, Cornell Medical Center, New York City, and an EIS Officer.)

Editor's Note: In the Canadian cases, the spores and toxin of C. botulinum Type B were detected by Dr. Roger Reed, McGill University, in the remnants of liver paste sandwiches consumed by 2 victims, who had purchased 3 oz. size cans.

According to Dr. F. S. Thatcher, Chief, Microbiology Section of the Canadian F.D.A., C. botulinum Type B was identified in unsold 3 oz. size cans of the liver paste. Type A toxin was identified in unsold 7 oz. size cans.

The Montreal cases were all believed due to Type B. No cases related to Type A have been reported in Canada.

The New York City cases have been ascribed to Type A botulism on the basis of the knowledge of the presence of this toxin in the 7 oz. size cans, although Type A was not specifically identified in one of the cans allegedly consumed by the couple.

#### SALMONELLOSIS - Pennsylvania

Simultaneously, each of 4 members of an Allegheny County family of 5 were found to harbor different types of salmonella. A pet turtle appears to have been the source for 2 types; no source was found for the 2 other types.

On September 10, a 12-year-old boy experienced the onset of fever to 103°, chills, and mild diarrhea. He was hospitalized for 2 weeks, during which time both stool and blood cultures grew Salmonella bredeney. As part of a routine follow-up, the Allegheny County Health Department obtained stool cultures on the remaining members of his immediate family.

Salmonella panama was isolated from an asymptomatic 15-year-old brother; Salmonella beidelberg was isolated from the stool of a 7-year-old brother; and Salmonella paratyphoid B was isolated from their father's stool. Cultures obtained from the mother were negative for salmonella on 3 separate occasions.

The family had purchased two small pet painted turtles from a super market one week prior to the onset of symptoms in the 12-year-old. He had the duty of changing the turtle water daily, of removing the turtle, pouring out the water, refilling the tank with water, and replacing the turtle. The boy customarily ate breakfast immediately without washing his hands.

Cultures of water from the turtle's tank revealed S. bredeney and S. panama. The turtle food was negative for salmonella. No source of S. paratyphoid B and S. beidelberg could be demonstrated.

Well water, which the family used, was tested and found to be negative for salmonella. No other cases of salmonellosis were detected among individuals who also used the same well water.

It is surmised that the turtles may also have harbored S. paratyphoid B and S. heidelberg, as well as the 2 other serotypes.

One other case of *S. paratyphoid* B occurred in a 12-year-old boy from an unrelated family in Allegheny County. This boy had obtained a turtle from the same super market about 2 weeks earlier than the first family. Cultures of his turtle were negative for salmonella.

Cultures from within the super market have not been possible.

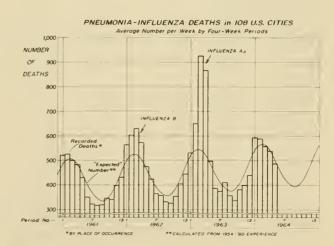
(Reported by Edwin Brown, M.D., Chief, Division of Disease Control, and Herbert R. Domke, M.D., Health Officer, Allegheny County Health Department; and, Dr. W. D. Schrack, Jr., Director, Division of Communicable Disease Control, Pennsylvania State Department of Health.)

#### SUMMARY OF PNEUMONIA AND INFLUENZA DEATHS

The weekly average number of pneumonia-influenza deaths for the four-week period ending May 2 was 487 as compared with an expected weekly average of 503.

Pneumonia-Influenza Deaths in 108 Cities

		Week E	4 Week	Weekly			
	4/11	4/18	4/25	5/2	Total	Average	
Observed	536	496	490	424	1,946	487	
Expected	5 18	508	498	487	2,011	503	
Excess	18	-12	- 8	-63	-65	-16	



### Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 3 CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES. UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

MAY 2, 1964 AND MAY 4, 1963 ( 18th WEEK)

	<del>†</del>		Encopi	halitic	T				ī				
		ptic		halitis									
Area	Meningitis		Primary	Post-Inf.	Poli	lomyelitis		Total Cases		Poliomyelit		is, Paralytic	
	1077	1062	1000	1000		10/8		lative	-			lative	
INTERN CRIPTO	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	
UNITED STATES	30	22	41	33	1	1	24	48	1	1	18	43	
NEW ENGLAND	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Maine New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vermont		_		_	_	_		-	-	-		-	
Massachusetts	-	-	1	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rhode Island	-	-	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Connecticut	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	1	1	6	4	-	-	4	5	-	-	4	5	
New York City	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	
New York, Up-State. New Jersey	_	1 -	3		-	-	2	4		-	2	4	
Pennsylvania	-	-	i -	4	_	_	-	1	_			1	
	1											_	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	5	-	8	8	-	-	3	13	-	-	3	11	
Ohiolndiana	-	1	2 2	-	-		2	4	-	-	2	3	
lllinois	1		1	7	-	_	1	6	_		1	5	
Michigan	3	-	2	1	-	-	_	3	-	-	-	3	
Wisconsin	1	-	1	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	_	2	6	_	_	_	_	1	_	_		1	
Minnesota	-	2	5	- 1	-	-	-	i	-	-	-	1	
lowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Missouri North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Dakota	-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
Nebraska	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	3	13	4	_		11	5	_	_	8	4	
Delaware	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Maryland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dist. of Columbia Virginia	-		- 1	2	-		-	-	-		-	-	
West Virginia	-			-	_		1		_		1		
North Carolina	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	2	-	-	2	2	
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	~	1	-	
Georgia	1	3	10	2			1 3	1 2	-	-	1 3	- 2	
	•							-			,	_	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	3	-	1	1	-	2	3	1	-	1	2	
Kentucky Tennessee	1	1	-	1		- [	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	
Alabama	1 -	1	-	- 1	1	-	1	1 2	- 1	-	1	1	
Mississippi	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		,			{								
Arkansas	-	4 -	2	1 -	-		2	10		-	1 -	10	
Louisiana	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	8	-	_	_	8	
Oklahoma	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Texas	-	2	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	2	
MOUNTAIN	4	-	2	_	-	_	2	1	_	_	1	1	
Montana	-	-		-	-	-			-	-		-	
ldaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	- [	1	-		-	1	
Wyoming	3 1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-		1	-	
New Mexico	-	_	-	-		- 1	1	_	-		-		
Arizona	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Utah	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	15	9	1	14	-	1	-	10	_ ]	1	-	9	
Washington	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	1	
Oregon	12	- 6	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1 7	
Alaska	12	6	1	12	-	1 -		8 -		1 -		7	
Havaii			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	-	-			2				2	
						-	-	2	-			2	

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

MAY 2, 1964 AND

MAY 4, 1963 ( 18th WEEK) - Continued

								<del></del>					
	Bruce	llosis	Dipht	neria			lnfectiou luding Se				Typhoid Fever		
Area		Cum.		Cum.	Total	Under 20 years	20 years		Cumul	ative		Cum.	
	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1964	
UNITED STATES	3	133	6	74	747	350	362	35	16,131	17,962	7	118	
NEW ENGLAND	1	2	1	6	70	29	41	-	1,710	2,097	_	7	
Maine	-	-	1	3	20 3	11	9	-	597 131	967 147	- '	-	
New Hampshire Vermont	-	-	-	-	7	4	3		212	29	_	-	
Massachusetts	1	2		3	16	2 2	14	-	339 81	617 49	-	4 3	
Rhode Island Connecticut	-	-	-	-	5 19	7	12	-	350	288	-	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	-	2	-	4	183	82	101	-	3,693	3,459	2	20	
New York City New York, Up-State.		1	-	1 -	28 71	9 34	19 37	-	537 1,629	1,530	-	6 4	
New Jersey	-	-	-	2	35	12	23	-	674	551	1	1	
Pennsylvania	-	1	-	1	49	27	22	-	853	931	1	9	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	-	17		6	125	72 15	46 14	7	2,437 641	2,835 841	1 1	26 17	
Ohio Indiana	-	1		-	30 15	12	3	-	215	256	-	4	
11linois	-	12	-	6	12	4	8	-	372	611	-	3	
Michigan	-	2 2	-	-	52 16	33	19	6	1,034 175	979 148	-	2 -	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	-	70	4	14	38	15	16	7	938	821	-	10	
Minnesota	-	2	4	6	6	-	5	1	79	136	-	- 3	
Iowa	_	40	_	-	7 10	6 2	1 6	- 2	139 235	150 327	_	3	
North Dakota	-	2		-	-	-	-	-	37	21	-	-	
South Dakota Nebraska		11 10	-	1 -	5 1	2 -	3	-	97 20	34 61	_	1 -	
Kansas	-	1	-	7	9	5	-	4	331	92	-	3	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	8	1	19	69	32	36	1	1,562	1,914	1	26	
Delaware Maryland	-	-		_	1 16	- 6	1 10	-	34 300	27 213	_	1	
Dist. of Columbia		_		-	1	-	-	1	27	60	- 1	_	
Virginia	-	2	-	-	7	3	4	-	229	422		6	
West Virginia North Carolina	-	1	-	-	7 20	7	7	-	272 300	280 510		9	
South Carolina	-	-		3	2	-	2	-	56	78	- 1	2	
Georgia Florida	1 -	3 2	1 -	14	1 14	1 2	12	-	36 308	76 248	1	1 7	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	8	-	4	46	24	22	-	1,107	1,874	2	15	
Kentucky Tennessee	- 1	3	-	- 1	14 20	6	8 7	-	485 384	554 755		8 4	
Alabama	-	3	-	2	7	3	4	-	149	273	1	2	
Mississippi	-	1	-	1	5	2	3	-	89	292	1	1	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	9	-	13	43	25	18	-	1,161	1,204	-	7	
Arkansas	_	1 1	-	- 3	2 8	2 2	- 6	_	129 236	148 218	_	3 -	
Oklahoma	-	1	-	-	3	2	1	-	71	64	-	3	
Texas	-	6	-	10	30	19	11	-	725	774	-	1	
MOUNTAIN	-	10	-	1	28	3	5	20	1,049	1,231	-	1	
Montana			-	-	3 2	_	1 -	2 2	102 83	188 180	-	-	
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	- 1	34	20	-	-	
Colorado New Mexico	_	1	-	- 1	7 2	1 1	1	6	322 162	253 154			
Arizona	_	1		-	8	-	-	8	223	274	-	1	
Utah Nevada	-	7	-	-	4 1	1 -	2 -	1	94 29	152 10	-	-	
PACIFIC	_	7	_	7	145	68	77	_	2,474	2,527	1	6	
Washington	-	-	-	6	22	9	13	-	267	424	-	1	
Oregon	-	1 6		- 1	23 98	11 48	12 50		282 1,799	348 1,688	1	5	
Alaska			-	-	2	-	2	-	77	54	-	-	
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	13	-		
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	3	13	8	5	-	263	258	-	6	

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

MAY 2, 1964 AND

MAY 4, 1963 ( 18th WEEK) - Continued

	Measles		ingococca ningitis	1	Streptococcal Sore Throat and Scarlet Fever Tetanus				Tula	remia	Rabies in Animals	
Area				. ,				Cum.		Cum.		Cum.
	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964
UNITED STATES	25,222	44	1,092	1,081	9,501	7,568	2	65	2	83	131	1,619
NEW ENGLAND	510	-	31	71	1,047	736	-	-	-	-	3	10 8
Maine	125	-	3	11	160	14	-	-	-	-	3	1
New Hampshire	3	-	-	2	3 14	2	-		-	-		1
Vermont	51	-	1 13	2 34	110	164			_	_		_
Massachusetts	141	-	2	6	39	52	-	-			-	-
Rhode Island Connecticut	87	-	12	16	721	503	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	2,551	4	102	146	742	499	-	3	-		2	32
New York City	609	-	19	19	40	34	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York, Up-State.	496	3	38	48	499	276	-	-	-	-	2	31
New Jersey	628	-	14	23	108	120	-	2	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	818	1	31	56	95	69	-	1	-	-	-	1
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	5,190	8	172	178	1,189	965	-	4	-	8	22 8	196 101
Ohio	1,042	-	48	50	229	116	-	1 -	•	1 -	1	9
Indiana	951	2	30	22 27	138 180	132 154		2	_	5	9	48
Illinois	993	2 3	37 42	57	373	329	_	1	_	1	3	15
Michigan	1,572 632	1	15	22	269	234	-	-	-	1	1	23
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1,621	5	66	64	272	255	-	3	-	21	44	518
Minnesota	3	1	13	11	28	20	-	-	-	1	15	156
Iowa	1,306	1	3	3	90	91	-	1	-	1	12	179
Missouri	56	3	36	25	12	4	-	2	-	13	7	93
North Dakota	222	1	5	1	104	129	-	- 1	-	-	2	23
South Dakota	-	-	-	4	11	3	-	-	-	-	4	45
Nebraska	34	-	4	16	1	-	-	-	-		1	11
Kansas	NN	-	5	4	26	8	•	-	-	6	3	11
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2,680	9	242	210	933	557	2	29	-	15	10	241
Delaware	26	-	3	1	15	6		-		-		
Maryland	81	1	18	29	187	43		2				_
Dist. of Columbia	7	- ,	7 27	51	10 152	212		4	_	3	4	157
Virginia West Virginia	1,112	1 1	18	11	216	126	_		-		1	13
North Carolina	24	2	42	32	13	19	1	8	-	4	-	2
South Carolina	301	3	39	12	76	25	-	3		-	-	-
Georgia		-	18	11	-	2	-	1	-	8	4	39
Florida	455	1	70	59	264	124	1	11	-	-	1	30
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	3,140	4	112	88	1,314	1,211	-	9	-	16	13	246
Kentucky	323	2	39	20	180	157	-	1	-	1	3	35
Tennessee	1,479	-	38	39	1,067	1,017	-	4	-	11	10	201
Alabama	419	-	18	13	10	16	-	3	-	3	-	10
Mississippi	919	2	17	16	57	21	-	1	-	1		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	. ,	5	101	114	663	616	-	8	1	17 5	22 7	245
Arkansas		1	10	7	3	14	-	2 3	_	-	3	25
Louisiana		2	79	48 22	30	25		1 -	_	11	3	32
Texas	34 4,912	2	9	37	627	574	-	3	-	1	9	124
MOUNTAIN		2	42	39	1,935	1,291	_	2	1	6	1	55
Montana	1,007	3	42	2	57	24	-	-		1	-	-
ldaho	54	-	1	3	84	133	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	10	1	3	1	2	57	-	1	-	2	-	-
Colorado	221	i	9	11	1,023	373	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	19		18	2	399	346	-	1	-	-	:	25
Arizona	430	-	3	6	136	201	-	-	-	-	1	30
Utah		1 -	2 6	11	234	156 1	-	-	1 -	3 -	-	1
								-		_	14	76
PACIFIC	2,5-5	6	224	171	1,406	1,438	_	7 -	_	_	14	/"
Washington	-,	-	18	13	500	543			-	_	_	1
Oregon	1	1 5	16	139	814	703	_	7	-	-	14	75
Alaska		)	6	5	19	78	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	23		7	5	32	95	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	210	-	14	4	9	38	-	24	_	_		9

Table 4 (B). REPORTED PNEUMONIA-INFLUENZA DEATHS IN REPORTING CITIES

(Tables 4(A), 4(B), 4(C), and 4(D) will be published in sequence covering a four-week period.) $^{\circ}$ 

Area		·	s ending		Area	For weeks ending				
	4/11	4/18	4/25	5/2		4/11	4/18	4/25	5/2	
NEW ENGLAND:					SOUTH ATLANTIC:					
Boston, Mass	12	7	9	6	Atlanta, Ga	2	5	2	4	
Bridgeport, Conn	5	4	4	2	Baltimore, Md	10	4	7	6*	
Cambridge, Mass	- 1	2	-	1 7	Charlotte, N.C	2	-	1	2	
Hartford, Conn	_	1	1	2	Jacksonville, Fla Miami, Fla	2	3	2 -	2	
Lowell, Mass	-	-	1	-	Norfolk, Va	1	6	1	2	
Lynn, Mass	-	-	1	3	Richmond, Va	-	4	3	1	
New Bedford, Mass	1	1	1	1	Savannah, Ga	5	5	2	4	
New Haven, Conn	-	4	-	2 3	St. Petersburg, Fla	8	9	3	8	
Providence, R.I Somerville, Mass	3 3	2 1	2 1	1	Tampa, Fla	7	7	7	10	
Springfield, Mass	-	3	7	5	Washington, D.C Wilmington, Del	12	9	9 5	2	
Waterbury, Conn	-	-	-	_	writington, ber			1	1	
Worcester, Mass	8	5	3	6	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:					
					Birmingham, Ala	2	4	1	3	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC:	_	3	1	2	Chattanooga, Tenn	4	2	1	2	
Albany, N.Y	1	2	1	4	Knoxville, Tenn	4	1	2	2	
Buffalo, N.Y	4	6	7	6	Louisville, Ky  Memphis, Tenn	13	7	8	14	
Camden, N.J		3	2	4	Mobile, Ala	7	7	5	10	
Elizabeth, N.J	1	1	1	1	Montgomery, Ala	5	3	4	2	
Erie, Pa	-	2	-	1	Nashville, Tenn	3	10	3	7	
Jersey City, N.J	5	3	6	1						
Newark, N.J New York City, N.Y	6 71	54	5 66	3 56	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:					
Paterson, N.J	3	10	2	2	Austin, Tex	4	2	8	4	
Philadelphia, Pa	20	19	18	23	Baton Rouge, La Corpus Christi, Tex	1	1	1	1	
Pittsburgh, Pa	4	4	5	8	Dallas, Tex	5	7	4	1	
Reading, Pa	5	5	2	2	El Paso, Tex	4	3		1	
Rochester, N.Y	12	10	13	12	Fort Worth, Tex	4	4	1	-	
Schenectady, N.Y	2	3	1		Houston, Tex	3	1	11	6	
Scranton, Pa Syracuse, N.Y	2	1 1	1 3	1 1	Little Rock, Ark	4	5	3	5	
Trenton, N.J	4	3	1	1	New Orleans, La Oklahoma City, Okla	8	5	3	6	
Utica, N.Y		1	ī	2	San Antonio, Tex	3 6	3	2 3	2	
Yonkers, N.Y	4	2	3	-	Shreveport, La	2	4	9	4	
					Tulsa, Okla	5	2	1	2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL:	1		,							
Akron, Ohio	1 2	- 4	1 5	- 4	MOUNTAIN:					
Chicago, Ill	39	35	46	38	Albuquerque, N. Mex Colorado Springs, Colo	3	4	1	1	
Cincinnati, Ohio	4	8	2	3	Denver, Colo	4 10	7	2 5	2	
Cleveland, Ohio	2	-	2	6	Ogden, Utah	2	_		4	
Columbus, Ohio	4	2	2	2	Phoenix, Ariz	3	1	4	4	
Dayton, Ohio	4	2	2	1	Pueblo, Colo	3	2	1	2	
Detroit, Mich	16 4	17	19 3	5 1	Salt Lake City, Utah	2	1	1	-	
Evansville, Ind	2	5	5	4	Tucson, Ariz	2	1	3	1	
Fort Wayne, Ind	6	7	5	1	PACIFIC:					
Gary, Ind	5	2	-	1	Berkeley, Calif	_	_	_	_	
Grand Rapids, Mich	5	3	3	5	Fresno, Calif	1	3	3	-	
Indianapolis, Ind	3	6	5	2	Glendale, Calif	-	1	-	-	
Madison, Wis	- 3	- 5	-	-	Honolulu, Hawaii	1	6	1	1	
Milwaukee, Wis Peoria, Ill	-	-	2	2 -	Long Beach, Calif	4	4	1	3	
Rockford, Ill	2	-	1	1	Los Angeles, Calif Oakland, Calif	30	25	29	16	
South Bend, Ind	3	3	3	3	Pasadena, Calif	6	4	3	3	
Toledo, Ohio	6	4	2	2	Portland, Oreg	-	1	4	2	
Youngstown, Ohio	-	1	1	1	Sacramento, Calif	3	2	4	2	
LIEST NORTH CENTRAL					San Diego, Calif	4	7	2	1	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL: Des Moines, Iowa	4	3	5		San Francisco, Calif	8	13	3	1	
Duluth, Minn	1	-	-	1	San Jose, Calif	8	14	10	6	
Kansas City, Kans	2	3	2	-	Seattle, Wash Spokane, Wash	4 2	7	2 2	4	
Kansas City, Mo	5	5	10	5	Tacoma, Wash	1	2	1	2	
Lincoln, Nebr	-	3	-	-		- 1	-	-		
Minneapolis, Minn	8	5	4	1	San Juan, P.R	2	-	2	()	
Omaha, Nebr	4 5	2 5	4	- 6						
St. Louis, Mo	8	6	6	6	<sup>O</sup> Current Week Mortality fo	× 108 c-	looted of	tion		
Wichita, Kans	9	7	5	8	Current week Portainty 10	100 30.	Lected Cl	LICS		

Wichita, Kans.....

<sup>\*</sup>Estimate - based on average percent of divisional total. Totals for previous weeks include reported corrections.

NOTE: All deaths by place of occurrence.

<sup>4(</sup>D) Total Deaths, Persons 65 years and over.... 6,316



#### INTERNATIONAL NOTES - QUARANTINE MEASURES

Immunization Information for International Travel

1963-64 edition - Public Health Service Publication No. 384

The following information should be added to the list of Yellow Fever Vaccination Centers in Section 6:

Page 72

City: Boston, Massachusetts

Center: The Logan International Airport

Medical Station of the

Massachusetts General Hospital Logan International Airport

Gate 23

Tel. LA 3-8200 x 2641 and 2642

Clinic Hours: Tuesday & Saturday, 11:a.m. - 12:00 a.m.

Fee: Yes

In addition to the established procedures for reporting morbidity and mortality, the Communicable Disease Center welcomes accounts of interesting authreaks or coses. Such accounts should be addressed to:

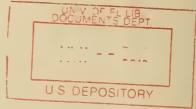
Lawrence K. Altman, M.D., Editar Marbidity and Martality Weekly Report Cammunicable Disease Center Atlanta, Georgia 30333

Notes: These provisional data are based an weekly telegrams to the Cammunicable Disease Center by the individual State health departments.

Symbols: --- Data not available

als: --- Data not available
Quantity zero

Procedures for construction of various martality curves may be obtained from Statistics Section, Communicable Disease Center, Public Health Service, U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Atlanta, Georgia 30333.



Official Business

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
Communicable Disease Center
Atlanta, Georgia 30333

The Morbidity and Martality Weekly Report, with a circulation of 11,000 is published by the Communicable Disease Center, Atlanta, Georgia.

Chief, Cammunicable Disease Center Chief, Epidemialogy Branch Chief, Statistics Section Asst. Chief, Statistics Section

Chief, Statistics Section
Asst. Chief, Statistics Section
Chief, Surveillance Section
Editor, MMWR

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